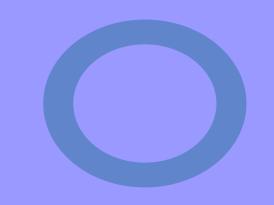


Diabetes Prevalence of North America and Caribbean Region in 2017 and 2045



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BACKGROUND

- The International Diabetes Federation (IDF) North America and Caribbean Region (NAC) consist of the USA, Mexico and Canada, as well as 25 Caribbean countries and territories.
- Diabetes is a serious and increasing global epidemic.
- Accurate estimates are essential for more efficient allocation of resources.

AIM

To provide estimates on people (18-99 years) living with diabetes in the IDF NAC Region.

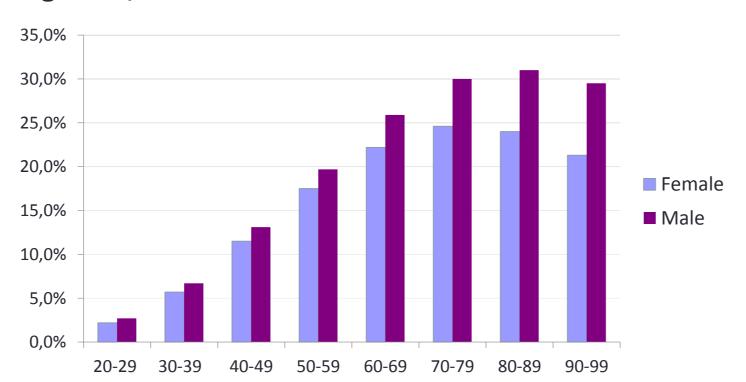
METHODS

- Population-based high-quality data sources containing diabetes prevalence were used to estimate age and gender specific diabetes prevalence for each country in 2017.
- Extrapolations were calculated for countries without good quality data based on similar geography, economics and ethnicity.
- The UN population projections for 2045 were used to project diabetes prevalence in 2045 for each country.
- Estimates for diabetes in adults were taken from 24 data sources in the IDF NAC region, representing 14 out of 28 countries.
- The details of the methodology were described in IDF Diabetes Atlas 8th Ed. (1) and in the paper of Cho et al. (2).

RESULTS

- With 10,8% diabetes prevalence (Table 1), NAC region is among the 2 IDF regions with the highest ageadjusted prevalence.
- Diabetes prevalence in 2017 is higher among males in all age groups (Figure 1).

Figure 1: Diabetes prevalence in the IDF NAC region by age and gender, 2017



The number of people with diabetes is projected to increase 46% by 2045 and to reach 73 million (Table 1).

Table 1. Summary of the data on diabetes prevalence and nrojections in the IDF NAC region

projections in the IDF NAC region		
IDF NAC region	2017	2045
Diabetes (18-99 years)		
Age-adjusted comparative prevalence	10.8%	10.8%
Number of people with diabetes	50 million	73 million
Undiagnosed cases	37.6%	-
Health expenditure due to diabetes, USD	440 billion	508 billion

RESULTS

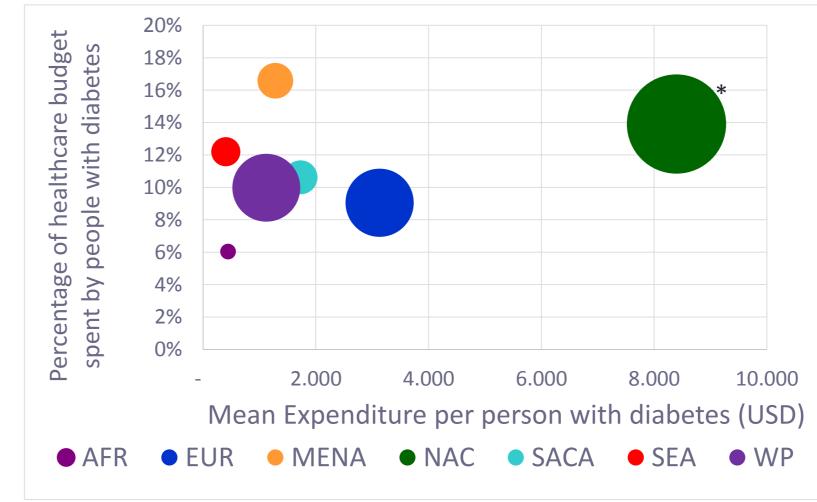
The United States is the country with the highest number of people living with diabetes in IDF NAC region. (Table 2).

Table 2. Top 5 countries for the number of people with diabetes

	Number of people with
Country	diabetes
United States of	
America	33,517.03
Mexico	12,477.29
Canada	2,950.17
Haiti	372,54
Jamaica	224,93

In relation to health expenditure, USD 440 billion were spent on treating diabetes in the NAC region, more than in all other regions combined (Figure 2).

Figure 2: Percentage of health care spent by people with diabetes in the IDF regions, 2017



^{*}The size of the bubbles represents the amount of health care expenditure

CONCLUSIONS

- Diabetes exerts a heavy burden in this region.
- The 2017 estimates on total health care expenditures on diabetes confirm the large economic impact caused by diabetes on health systems.
- Efforts on optimizing diabetes primary and secondary prevention must be conducted in order to reduce the human and economic costs of diabetes for society.

References:

1.IDF Atlas, 8th Ed. Brussels, Belgium: International Diabetes Federation, 2017.

2.Cho, N. H., Shaw, J. E., Karuranga, S., et al. (2018). IDF Diabetes Atlas: Global estimates of diabetes prevalence for 2017 and projections for 2045. Diabetes research and clinical practice, 138, 271-281.

Acknowledgments: IDF Diabetes Atlas Committee

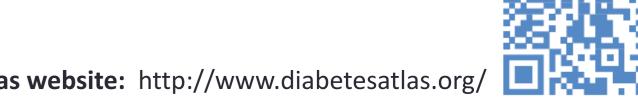
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Abbreviations of IDF regions:

AFR: Africa EUR: Europe

MENA: Middle East and North Africa NAC: North America and Caribbean SACA: South and Central America

SEA: South East Asia WP: Western Pacific



IDF Atlas website: http://www.diabetesatlas.org/